Only approved containers and portable tanks shall be used for storage and handling of flammable liquids. Approved safety cans or Department of Transportation approved containers shall be used for the handling and use of flammable liquids in quantities of 5 gallons or less, except that this shall not apply to those flammable liquid materials which are highly viscid (extremely hard to pour), which may be used and handled in original shipping containers. For quantities of one gallon or less, the original container may be used, for storage, use and handling of flammable liquids.

Flammable Liquid - a liquid with a flashpoint below 1000F

Class IA - flashpoint below 730F and boiling point below 1000F

Class IB - flashpoint below 730F and boiling point above 1000F

Class IC - flash at or above 730F and below 1000F

Combustible Liquids - a liquid having a flash point at or above 1000 F.

Class II Combustibles - Flashpoint above 1000F and below 1400F

Class III Combustibles - Flashpoint at or above 1400F

Subclass IIIA - flashpoint at or above 1400F and below 2000F

Subclass IIIB - flashpoint at or above 2000F

Substitution

Flammable liquids sometimes may be substituted by relatively safe materials in order to reduce the risk of fires. Any substituted material should be stable and nontoxic and should either be nonflammable or have a high flashpoint.

Storage & Usage of Flammable Liquids

Flammable and combustible liquids require careful handling at all times. The proper storage of flammable liquids within a work area is very important in order to protect personnel from fire and other safety and health hazards.

- Storage of Flammable liquids shall be in NFPA approved flammable storage lockers or in low value structures at least 50 feet from any other structure. Do not store other combustible materials near flammable storage areas or lockers
- Bulk drums of flammable liquids must be grounded and bonded to containers during dispensing
- Portable containers of gasoline or diesel are not to exceed 5 gallons
- Safety cans used for dispensing flammable or combustible liquids shall be kept at a point of use.
- Appropriate fire extinguishers are to be mounted within 75 feet of outside areas containing flammable liquids, and within 10 feet of any inside storage area for such materials.
- Storage rooms for flammable and combustible liquids must have explosion-proof light fixtures
- Bulk storage of gasoline or diesel are kept in above ground tanks. Tank areas are diked to contain
 accidental spills. Tanks shall be labeled IAW NFPA guidelines. All tank areas shall be designated no
 smoking no hot work no open flame areas.
- No flames hotwork or smoking is be permitted in flammable or combustible liquid storage areas.
- The maximum amount of flammable liquids that may stored in a building are 20 gallons of Class IA liquids in containers
- 100 gallons of Class IB, IC, II, or III liquids in containers
- 500 gallons of Class IB, IC, II, or III liquids in a single portable tank.

- Flammable liquid transfer areas are to be separated from other operations by distance or by construction having proper fire resistance.
- When not in use flammable liquids shall be kept in covered containers.
- Class I liquids may be used only where there are no open flames or other sources of ignition within the possible path of vapor travel.
- Flammable or combustible liquids shall be drawn from or transferred into vessels, containers, or portable
 tanks within a building only through a closed piping system, from safety cans, by means of a device
 drawing through the top, or from a container or portable tanks by gravity through an approved selfclosing valve. Transferring by means of air pressure on the container or portable tanks shall be
 prohibited.
- Maintenance and operating practices shall be in accordance with established procedures which will tend
 to control leakage and prevent the accidental escape of flammable or combustible liquids. Spills shall be
 cleaned up promptly.
- Combustible waste material and residues in a building or unit operating area shall be kept to a minimum, stored in covered metal receptacles and disposed of daily.
- Rooms in which flammable or combustible liquids are stored or handled by pumps shall have exit facilities arranged to prevent occupants from being trapped in the event of fire.
- Inside areas in which Class I liquids are stored or handled shall be heated only by means not
 constituting a source of ignition, such as steam, hot water or forces central systems located away from
 the area.

Cabinets

Not more than 120 gallons of Class I, Class II, and Class IIIA liquids may be stored in a storage cabinet. Of this total, not more than 60 gallons may be Class I and II liquids. Not more than three such cabinets (120 gallons each) may be located in a single fire area except in an industrial area.

Containers

The capacity of flammable and combustible liquid containers will be in accordance with the table below:

Maximum allowable capacity of containers and portable tanks:

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Flammable Liquids		Combustible Liquids			
Container	1A	1B	1C	II	III
Glass or approved plastic1	1 pt ²	1 qt ²	1 gal	1 gal	1 gal
Metal (Other than DOT drums)	1 gal	5 gal	5 gal	5 gal	5 gal
Safety Cans	2 gal	5 gal	5 gal	5 gal	5 gal
Metal drums (DOT specifications)	60 gal	60 gal	60 gal	60 gal	60 gal
Approved portable tanks	660 gal	660 gal	660 gal	660 gal	660 gal

- (1) Nearest metric size is also acceptable for the glass and plastic
- (2) One gallon or nearest metric equivalent size may be used if metal and labeled with their contents.

Storage Inside Buildings

Where approved storage cabinets or rooms are not provided, inside storage will comply with the following basic conditions:

- The storage of any flammable or combustible liquid shall not physically obstruct a means of egress from the building or area.
- Containers of flammable or combustible liquids will remain tightly sealed except when transferred, poured or applied. Remove only that portion of liquid in the storage container required to accomplish a particular job.
- If a flammable and combustible liquid storage building is used, it will be a one-story building devoted principally to the handling and storing of flammable or combustible liquids. The building will have 2-hour fire-rated exterior walls having no opening within 10 feet of such storage.
- Flammable paints, oils, and varnishes in 1 or 5 gallon containers, used for building maintenance purposes, may be stored temporarily in closed containers outside approved storage cabinets or room if kept at the job site for less than 10 calendar days.

Ventilation

Every inside storage room will be provided with a continuous mechanical exhaust ventilation system. To prevent the accumulation of vapors, the location of both the makeup and exhaust air openings will be arranged to provide, as far as practical, air movement directly to the exterior of the building and if ducts are used, they will not be used for any other purpose.